



AREAS IN WHICH THE QUATERNARY AND TERTIARY(?) VALLEY FILL IS THE PRINCIPAL AQUIFER

TQ
 Depth to water: 0 to 250 feet.
 Quantity: Most of area furnishes water to irrigation wells. Average good well yields about 1,200 gpm. Maximum yield measured - 2,380 gpm.
 Chemical quality: Satisfactory for domestic use, irrigation, and stock.

TQ₂
 Depth to water: 0 to 120 feet.
 Quantity: Part of area furnishes water to irrigation wells. Yields as high as 1,500 gpm reported. Adequate water for stock can be expected anywhere in area.
 Chemical quality: Undesirable to unsatisfactory for domestic use and irrigation. Generally satisfactory for stock.

AREA IN WHICH THE DOCKUM GROUP IS THE PRINCIPAL AQUIFER

Rd
 Depth to water: 10 to 250 feet. Perched water. May be necessary to drill 500 to 1,000 feet to main water table in Yeso formation (see Py₁).
 Quantity: Adequate for windmills.
 Chemical quality: Generally satisfactory for domestic use, irrigation, and stock.

AREAS IN WHICH THE GLORIETA SANDSTONE MEMBER OF THE SAN ANDRES FORMATION IS THE PRINCIPAL AQUIFER

Psg₁
 Depth to water: 25 to 100 feet.
 Quantity: Furnishes water to irrigation wells; yield 1,200 to 3,000 gpm. Adequate water for stock can be expected anywhere in area.
 Chemical quality: Satisfactory to unsatisfactory for domestic use, irrigation, and stock.

Psg₂
 Depth to water: 30 to 200 feet.
 Quantity: Adequate for windmills.
 Chemical quality: Generally unsatisfactory for domestic use and irrigation. Satisfactory to undesirable for stock.

Psg₃
 Depth to water: Less than 150 feet (probably perched).
 Quantity: Adequate for windmills and small pump jacks.
 Chemical quality: Generally satisfactory for domestic use, irrigation, and stock.

AREAS IN WHICH THE YESO FORMATION IS THE PRINCIPAL AQUIFER

Py₁
 Depth to water: 5 to 180 feet.
 Quantity: Generally adequate for windmills.
 Chemical quality: Generally unsatisfactory for domestic use and irrigation. Satisfactory for stock.

Py₂
 Depth to water: 25 to 300 feet.
 Quantity: Adequate for windmills in most of area. Northeast of Mountain: two wells pumped for municipal supply at 133 and 240 gpm derive water from limestone.
 Chemical quality: Generally satisfactory for domestic use, irrigation, and stock.

Py₃
 Depth to water: 175 to 750 feet.
 Quantity: Adequate for windmills.
 Chemical quality: Generally unsatisfactory for domestic use and irrigation. Satisfactory for stock.

Py₄
 Depth to water: 20 to 50 feet.
 Quantity: Furnishes water to irrigation wells; yield of 2,250 to 3,000 gpm reported. Adequate water for stock can be expected anywhere in area.
 Chemical quality: Unsatisfactory for domestic use. Unsatisfactory, but used, for irrigation. Undesirable for stock.

Py₅
 Depth to water: 40 to 625 feet.
 Quantity: Generally adequate for windmills.
 Chemical quality: Satisfactory to unsatisfactory for domestic use and irrigation. Generally satisfactory for stock.

Py₆
 Depth to water: 15 to 325 feet.
 Quantity: Generally adequate for windmills.
 Chemical quality: Generally unsatisfactory for domestic use and irrigation. Satisfactory for stock.

Py₇
 Depth to water: 200 to 650 feet.
 Quantity: Adequate for windmills.
 Chemical quality: Generally unsatisfactory for domestic use and irrigation. Satisfactory for stock.

Py₈
 Information limited.
 Depth to water: 400 to 900 feet.
 Quantity: Adequate for windmills.
 Chemical quality: No analyses available. Generally unsatisfactory for domestic use. Satisfactory for stock.

AREAS IN WHICH THE ABO FORMATION IS THE PRINCIPAL AQUIFER

Pa₁
 Depth to water: 5 to 260 feet.
 Quantity: Adequate to inadequate for windmills.
 Chemical quality: Satisfactory for domestic use, irrigation, and stock.

Pa₂
 Depth to water: 825 to 900 feet.
 Quantity: Adequate for wells equipped with large pump jacks.
 Chemical quality: Satisfactory to undesirable for domestic use and irrigation. Satisfactory for stock.

AREAS IN WHICH THE ARKOSIC LIMESTONE MEMBER OF THE MADERA LIMESTONE IS THE PRINCIPAL AQUIFER

Pm
 Depth to water: 5 to 360 feet. Most shallow wells are in western (higher) parts of area.
 Quantity: Usually adequate for windmills. Irrigation wells are present along western margin of Estancia Valley, but supply is likely to become inadequate after a few years of use.
 Chemical quality: Satisfactory for domestic use, irrigation, and stock.

AREAS IN WHICH THE PRECAMBRIAN ROCKS ARE THE PRINCIPAL AQUIFER

pC
 Depth to water: 30 to 375 feet.
 Quantity: Generally adequate for windmills and commonly adequate for wells equipped with pump jacks. Railroad supply well north of Negra test-pumped at 110 gpm.
 Chemical quality: Satisfactory to undesirable for domestic use and irrigation. Satisfactory for stock.

**184.2
210 M** Well. Most wells listed in well tables are shown hereon, except in Estancia Valley (see pl. 3). Figure above line -- depth to water in feet, measured water levels in tenths of a foot. Figure below line -- depth of well in feet; "M" means measured depth. Parentheses mean the figure is approximate. "P" means flowing. Figure in red -- specific conductance of water sample from well.

○ Spring (only observed springs shown).

Approximate boundary of different aquifers, dashed where information is limited.

Contour line of water level, feet above sea level, dashed where information is limited. Contour interval, 100 feet.

Line of equal specific conductance, micromhos, dashed where information is limited. Values shown -- 750, 1,400, and 2,000. Lines are generally representative of water at shallow depths where information is available on vertical variation of specific conductance.

Water-level and chemical-quality information based on data collected between 1941 and 1953.
 Base map adapted from County Highway Planning Map, 1951.

AVAILABILITY AND CHEMICAL QUALITY OF GROUND WATER AND ALTITUDE OF WATER IN WELLS IN TORRANCE COUNTY, N. MEX.