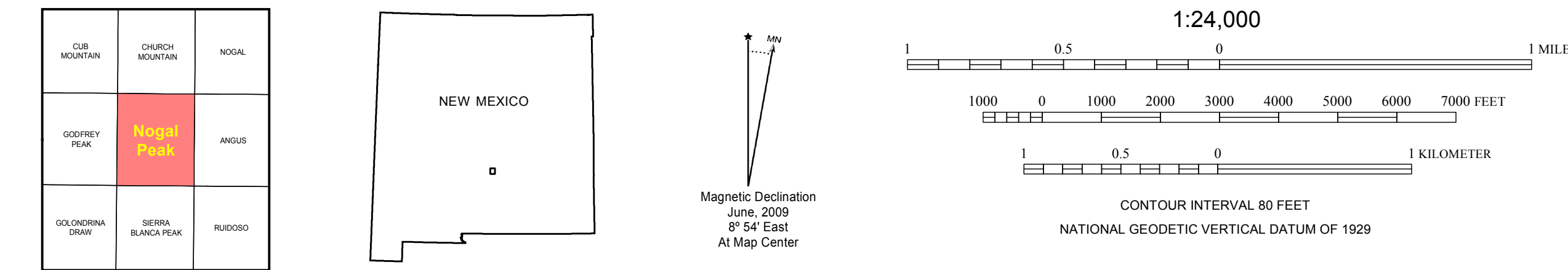


Base map from U.S. Geological Survey 1962. Topographic data from 1970. Not checked in 1975, edited in 1982. New Mexico coordinate system. Contour lines: 1000 foot intervals. 1000 foot contour interval. Reproduced by USGS permission. June 1992.



1:24,000
1000 0 1000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 7000 FEET
0 0.5 1 KILOMETER
CONTOUR INTERVAL, 80 FEET
NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC VERTICAL DATUM OF 1929

June 2011
by
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COMMENTS TO MAP USERS
A geologic map displays information on the distribution, nature, orientation, and age relationships of rock and deposits and the occurrence of structural features. Geologic and fault contacts are irregular surfaces that form boundaries between different types or ages of units. Data depicted on this geologic quadrangle map may be based on any of the following: reconnaissance field geologic mapping, compilation of published and unpublished work, and photogeologic interpretation. Locations of contacts are not surveyed, but are plotted by interpretation of the position of a given contact onto a topographic base map; therefore, the accuracy of contact locations depends on the scale of mapping and the interpretation of the geologists. Any enlargement of this map could cause misunderstanding in the detail of mapping and may result in erroneous interpretations. Site-specific conditions should be verified by detailed surface mapping or subsurface exploration. Topographic and cultural changes associated with recent development may not be shown.
Cross sections are constructed based upon the interpretations of the author made from geologic mapping and available geophysical and subsurface (drilled) data. Cross-sections should be used as an aid to understanding the general geologic framework of the map area, and not be the sole source of information for use in locating or designing wells, buildings, roads, or other man-made structures.
The map has not been reviewed according to New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources standards. The contents of the report and map should not be considered final and complete until reviewed and published by the New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources. The views and conclusions contained in this document are those of the authors and should not be interpreted as necessarily representing the official policies, either expressed or implied, of the State of New Mexico, or the U.S. Government.

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QUADRANGLE LOCATION
This draft geologic map is preliminary and will undergo revision. It was produced from either scans of hand-drafted originals or from digitally drafted original maps and figures using a wide variety of software, and is currently in cartographic production. It is being distributed in this draft form as part of the bureau's Open-File map series (OFCM), due to high demand for current geologic map data in those areas where STATEMAP quadrangles are located, and it is the bureau's policy to disseminate geologic data to the public as soon as possible.
After this map has undergone scientific peer review, editing, and final cartographic production adhering to bureau map standards, it will be released in our Geologic Map (GM) series. This final version will receive a new GM number and will supersede this preliminary open-file geologic map.

DRAFT
New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources
NEW MEXICO STATEMAP
Earth Science for the 21st Century

UNIT DESCRIPTIONS

Quaternary

Qal	Alluvium
Qc (Qco)	Colluvium
Qta	Talus deposits
Qt	Terrace deposits
Qls	Landslides
Qaf	Alluvial fans
Qgd	Glacial deposits
Qbd	Glacial boulder deposits
Qoa	Older alluvium

Plio-Pleistocene

QTpg	Palomas Gravel
Oligocene to Upper Eocene	
Tbbs	Mineralized hydrothermal breccia

Bonito Lake Stock and Associated Dikes

Tfsd	Fine-grained syenodiorite dikes
Tbs	Bonito Lake syenite to syenodiorite

Three Rivers Stock and Associated Dikes, Plugs and Flows

Tbbs	Biotite rhyolite dikes
Tog	Oak Grove rhyolite
Tcp/Tcpd	Cone Peak rhyolite
Tep	Elk Point rhyolite
Ttagd	Alkali granite dikes
Tsp	Syenite Porphyry Plugs
Ttag	Alkali granite

Tbbs	Hornblende-biotite syenite plug
Tbbs/Tbbsd	Biotite syenite porphyry

Tts/Ttqcs	Coarse-grained syenite
Ttsag	Quartz syenite to alkali granite
Tts	Syenite and syenite porphyry
Ttp	Quartz syenite porphyry

Rialto Stock and Associated Dikes

Trm2	Monzonite to quartz diorite
Trsd	Quartz syenite dike
Trm	Syenite

Other Small Intrusions and Plugs

Tspg/Tsbx	Syenite plugs
Tm	Monzonite to diorite plugs

Tgd/Tgbs	Grizzly Peak diorite
Tdbp	Dark Betty diorite porphyry
Tex	Feldspathoidal gabbro porphyry plug

Dikes

Tspd/Tbsd/Tbsd	Syenite porphyry dikes
Tsd	Syenite dikes
Tmd/Tmdd	Monzonite to diorite dikes
Ttd	Porphyritic hornblende trachydacite dikes
Tbnd/Tbnd	Biotite and hornblende trachydacite to alkali rhyolite dikes
Tbnd	Clinopyroxene-phryic trachybasalt dikes
Tif	Felsite
Tit	Trachyte
Tita	Porphyritic trachyandesite
Tig	Alkali gabbro-syenogabbro
Tim	Megacryst trachyte porphyry

Tis/Tisp

Tic

Titb

Sierra Blanca Volcanics

Nogal Peak Trachyte

Lava-rich unit, undivided

Porphyritic trachydacite east of Highway 532

Alkali basalt of Hill 9500

Porphyritic trachydacite north of Argentina Spring

Fine-grained trachydacite north of Argentina Spring

Basaltic trachyandesite of Argentina Peak

Aphyric trachyandesite of Spring Point

Basaltic trachyandesite of Hill 9395

Basaltic trachyandesite flows, agglutinate and breccia

Aphyric trachybasalt south of Argentina Spring

Argentina Spring tuff

Spring Canyon trachydacite

Porphyritic trachydacite tuff east of Little Bear Canyon

Porphyritic trachyandesite

Plagioclase porphyritic trachybasalt to basaltic trachyandesite

Twba	Porphyritic trachyandesite
Twtb	Trachybasalt and tephrite
Twb/Twb	Breccia-rich unit, undivided

Late Eocene

Eocene

Cretaceous

Cretaceous rocks, undivided (cross sections only)

Triassic

Santa Rosa Formation (cross section B-B' only)

Permian

Permian rocks, undivided (cross section B-B' only)

Additional Map Symbols

Strike-slip dip of volcanic foliation

Strike and dip of joint or joint set

Volcanic vent, general where occurred

Location where beds of green rock is red in color but are otherwise

Intrusion breccia

Basal agglutinate well

Landslide; arrow indicates direction of movement

Cold spring

Sample locations of NPW-10 cold springs (Appendix)

Observed spotted texture in trachybasalt

Prospect pit

Local hydrothermal alteration

Phyllic alteration zone, has orange color accent

Epithermal alteration zone, has olive green color accent

Quartz vein

Visible quartz in rock or fractures

Silicification of host rock

Ferric oxide magnetite oxides of pyrite

Visible calcite in rock or fractures

Calcite flow

Visible epithermal alteration in breccia or host material

Visible secondary magnetite

Visible secondary actinolite fibers or blades

Visible specular hematite

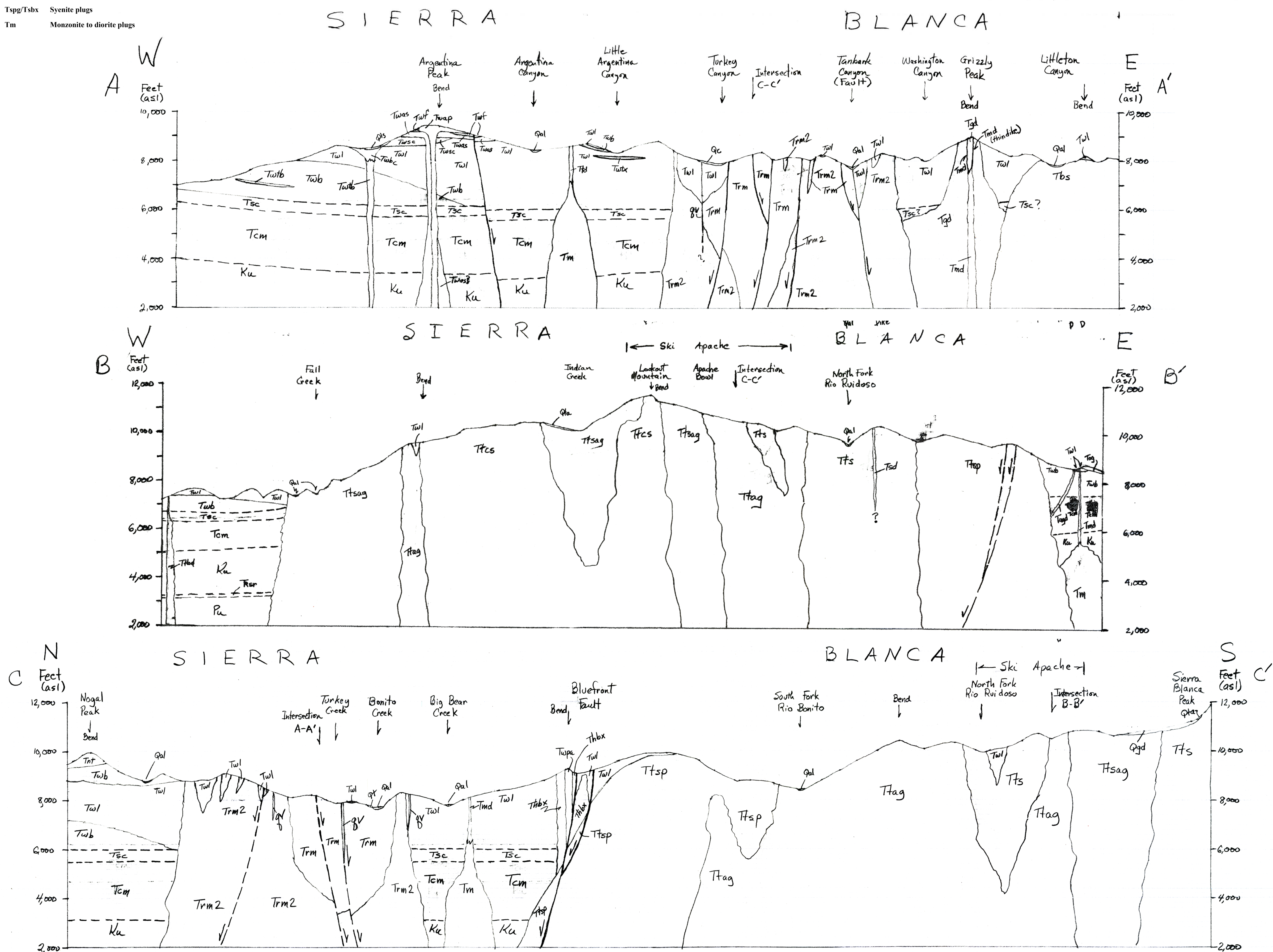
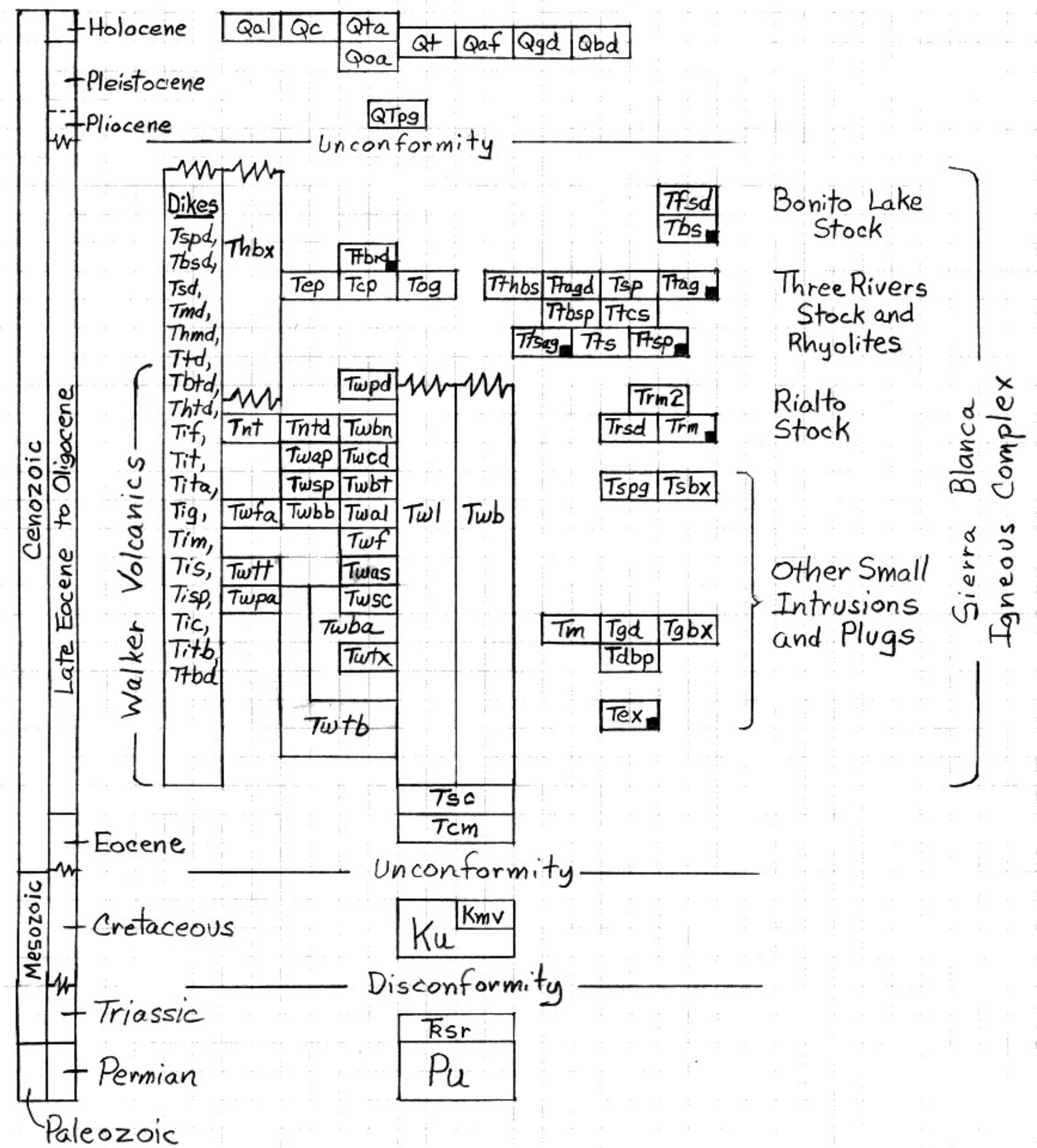
Visible coarse sericite on massive attention

Visible corundum and olivine

Torreyana magnetite, usually in veins or fractures

Upper and/or lower magnetite in veins or fractures

Correlation Chart (Black square denotes dated unit)



Geologic map of the Sierra Blanca quadrangle, Lincoln & Otero Counties, New Mexico. The map shows various geological units with their respective symbols and colors, including Quaternary, Pleistocene, Pliocene, Eocene, Cretaceous, Triassic, and Permian. It also includes topographic features like mountains, valleys, and rivers. The map is overlaid with a grid of latitude and longitude coordinates.