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HYDROCARBON SOURCE ROCK EVALUATION,
AUSTRA-TEX 1 RIO PUERCO
SEC. 7, R12N, R2W, SANDOVAL COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

By G.S. Bayliss and R.R. Schwarzer

October 1987

NEW MEXICO HYDROCARBON SOURCE
ROCK EVALUATION PROJECT

AUSTRA-TEX 1 RIO PUERCO
SEC. 7, T12N, R2W, SANDOVAL COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
API NO.
NORTHWEST-NORTH AREA
GEOCHEM JOB NO. 3578

Prepared

for

PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS

by

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CONFIDENTIAL
OCTOBER 1987

NEW MEXICO HYDROCARBON SOURCE ROCK EVALUATION

WELL NAME: AUSTRA-TEX 1 RIO PUERCO
 API NO.:
 AREA: NORTHWEST-NORTH
 LOCATION: SANDOVAL COUNTY, NEW MEXICO SEC.7, T12N, R2W
 GEOCHEM JOB NO.: 3578
 TOTAL DEPTH: 6324 ft.
 INTERVAL SAMPLED: 1290-6210 ft.
 TOTAL NUMBER OF SAMPLES: 23

GEOCHEM SAMPLE NUMBER	SAMPLE DEPTH	STRATIGRAPHIC INTERVAL	ANALYSES				
			TOC	LITHOS	ROCK-EVAL	KEROGEN	OTHER
3578-001	1290-1310	Todilto	X	X	X	X	
3578-002	3350-3400	San Andres	X	X	X	X	
3578-003	3500-3540	Yeso	X	X	X	X	
3578-004	5090-5140	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	X	
3578-005	5160-5200	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	X	
3578-006	5240-5280	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	X	
3578-007	5300-5340	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	X	
3578-008	5370-5400	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	X	
3578-009	5430-5470	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	X	
3578-010	5480-5510	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	X	
3578-011	5510-5560	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	X	
3578-012	5590-5650	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	X	
3578-013	5650-5720	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	X	
3578-014	5720-5760	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	X	
3578-015	5760-5800	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	X	
3578-016	5820-5860	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	X	
3578-017	5860-5900	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	F	
3578-018	5900-5950	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	F	
3578-019	5950-5990	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	F	
3578-020	5990-6050	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	F	
3578-021	6050-6090	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	F	
3578-022	6090-6210	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	F	
3578-023	6170-6210	Pennsylvanian	X	X	X	F	

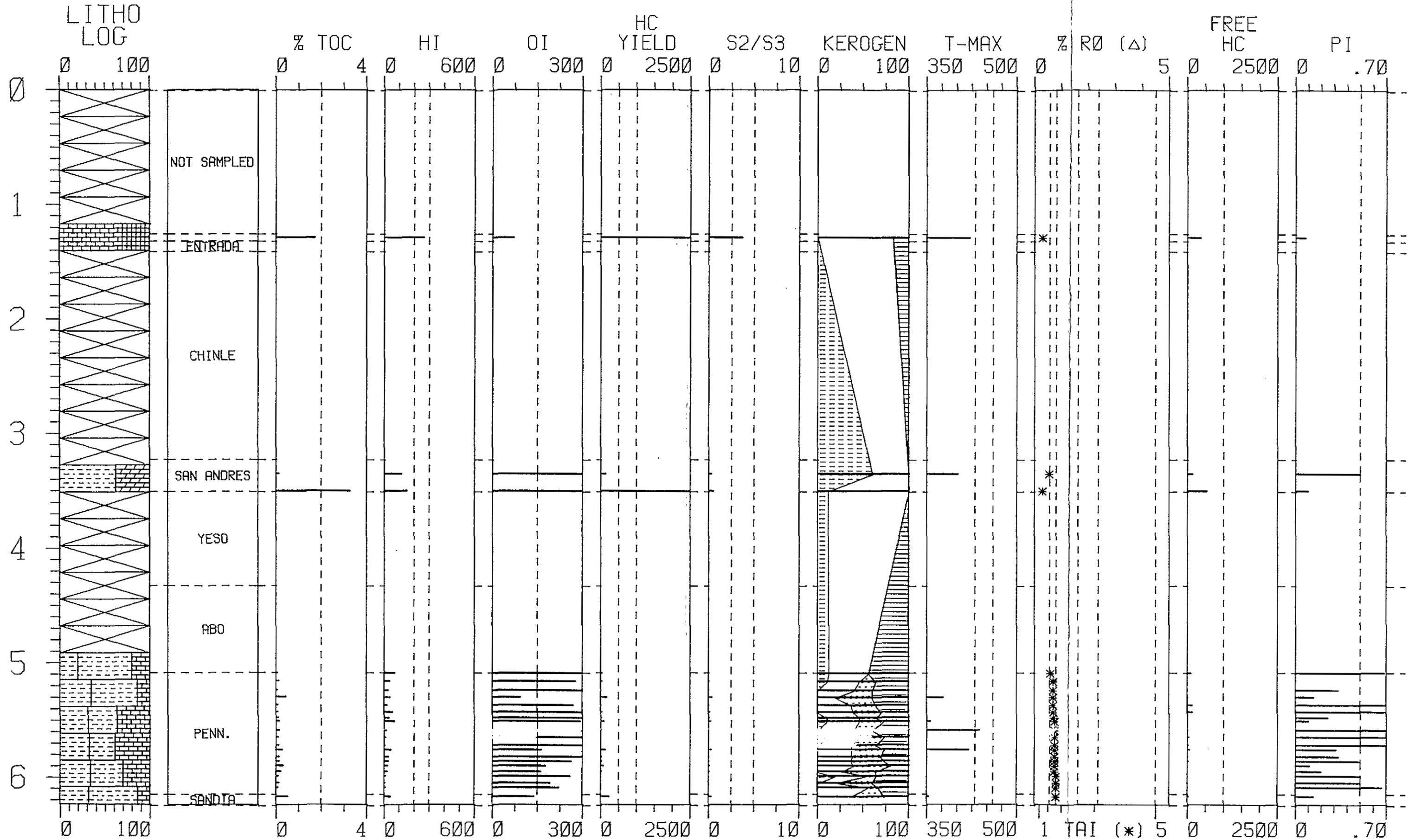


TABLE I

RESULTS OF TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON

NEW MEXICO HYDROCARBON SOURCE ROCK EVALUATION

AUSTRA-TEX 1 RIO PUERCO
 SEC.7, T12N, R2W, SANDOVAL COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
 API #

GEOCHEM SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH INTERVAL (feet)	TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (% of Rock) (Total Sample analyzed)	ESTIMATED LITHOLOGIC DESCRIPTION	ADJUSTED TOC Value allowing for non separated caved material
3578-001	1290-1310	1.21	70 Lm, 30 Anhy	1.73
3578-002	3350-3400	0.13	40 Dol, 60 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-003	3500-3540	1.21	35 Dol, 65 Red Sh	3.27
3578-004	5090-5140	0.07/0.08	20 Lm, 20 Sh/60 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-005	5160-5200	0.13	35 Sh, 15 Lm 50 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-006	5240-5280	0.07	35 Sh, 15 Lm 50 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-007	5300-5340	0.27	40 Sh, 10 Lm 50 Red Sh	0.44
3578-008	5370-5400	0.10	30 Sh, 15 Lm 55 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-009	5430-5470	0.09	40 Sh, 10 Lm 50 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-010	5480-5510	0.09	40 Lm, 20 Sh 40 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-011	5510-5560	0.13	75 Lm, 5 Sh 20 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-012	5590-5650	0.14/0.15	60 Sh, 20 Lm 20 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-013	5650-5720	0.09	35 Sh, 15 Lm 50 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-014	5720-5760	0.12	60 Lm, 10 Sh 30 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-015	5760-5800	0.28	50 Sh, 45 Lm 5 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-016	5820-5860	0.14	35 Sh, 35 Lm 30 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-017	5860-5900	0.14	40 Lm, 30 Sh 30 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-018	5900-5950	0.23	40 Lm, 20 Sh 40 Red Sh	0.32
3578-019	5950-5990	0.21	40 Sh, 30 Lm 30 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-020	5990-6050	0.10	40 Sh, 20 Lm 40 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-021	6050-6090	0.13/0.12	40 Sh, 20 Lm 40 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-022	6090-6140	0.09	35 Sh, 15 Lm 60 Red Sh	NOT CORRECTED
3578-023	6170-6210	0.27	35 Sh, 15 Lm 60 Red Sh	0.53

NOTE: These samples were mixtures of caved red beds and indigenous material. Picking could not be carried out so sample was analyzed as is. See Note 2 for explanation of method used to adjust values.

TABLE II

LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTIONS AND ORGANIC CARBON ANALYSES

NEW MEXICO HYDROCARBON SOURCE ROCK EVALUATION

AUSTRA-TEX 1 RIO PUERCO
 SEC.7, T12N, R2W, SANDOVAL COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
 API #

GEOCHEM SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH INTERVAL (feet)	LITHO DESCRIPTION	GSA NO.	ORGANIC CARBON (wt.%)
3578-001 -A	1290-1310	70% Limestone, fine crystalline, dark yellowish brown.	10YR-4/2	1.21 (1.73*)
-B		30% Anhydrite, fine crystalline, white.	N9	
3578-002 -A	3350-3400	60% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	0.13
-B		40% Dolomite, limely, dark yellowish brown.	10YR-4/2	
3578-003 -A	3500-3540	65% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red.	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	1.21 (3.27*)
-B		35% Dolomite, limely, dark yellowish brown.	10YR-4/2	
3578-004 -A	5090-5140	60% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	0.07/0.08
-B		20% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale yellowish brown.	10YR-6/2	
-C		20% Shale, noncalcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
3578-005 -A	5160-5200	50% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	0.13
-B		35% Shale, noncalcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
-C		15% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale yellowish brown.	10YR-6/2	

* See Notes in Table I

TABLE II (continued)

LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTIONS AND ORGANIC CARBON ANALYSES

NEW MEXICO HYDROCARBON SOURCE ROCK EVALUATION

AUSTRA-TEX 1 RIO PUERCO
 SEC.7, T12N, R2W, SANDOVAL COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
 API #

GEOCHEM SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH INTERVAL (feet)	LITHO DESCRIPTION	GSA NO.	ORGANIC CARBON (wt.%)
3578-006	5240-5280			0.07
-A		50% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
-B		35% Shale, noncalcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
-C		15% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale yellowish brown.	10YR-6/2	
3578-007	5300-5340			0.27 (0.44*)
-A		50% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
-B		40% Shale, noncalcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
-C		10% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale yellowish brown.	10YR-6/2	
3578-008	5370-5400			0.10
-A		55% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
-B		30% Shale, noncalcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
-C		15% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale yellowish brown.	10YR-6/2	
3578-009	5430-5470			0.09
-A		50% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
-B		40% Shale, noncalcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
-C		10% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale yellowish brown.	10YR-6/2	

* See Notes in Table I

TABLE II (continued)

LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTIONS AND ORGANIC CARBON ANALYSES

NEW MEXICO HYDROCARBON SOURCE ROCK EVALUATION

AUSTRAL-TEX 1 RIO PUERCO

SEC.7, T12N, R2W, SANDOVAL COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

API #

GEOCHEM SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH INTERVAL (feet)	LITHO DESCRIPTION	GSA NO.	ORGANIC CARBON (wt.%)
3578-010	5480-5510			0.09
-A		40% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle/Abo cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
-B		40% Limestone, fine crystalline, dark yellowish brown.	10YR-4/2	
-C		20% Shale, slightly calcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
3578-011	5510-5560			0.13
-A		75% Limestone, fine crystalline, dark yellowish brown.	10YR-4/2	
-B		20% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle/Abo cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
-C		5% Shale, slightly calcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
3578-012	5590-5650			0.14/0.15
-A		60% Shale, slightly calcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
-B		20% Limestone, fine crystalline, dark yellowish brown.	10YR-4/2	
-C		20% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to alline, grayish red (chinle/Abo cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
3578-013	5650-5720			0.09
-A		50% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
-B		35% Shale, slightly calcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
-C		10% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale yellowish brown.	10YR-6/2	

TABLE II (continued)

LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTIONS AND ORGANIC CARBON ANALYSES

NEW MEXICO HYDROCARBON SOURCE ROCK EVALUATION

AUSTRAL-TEX 1 RIO PUERCO

SEC. 7, T12N, R2W, SANDOVAL COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

API #

GEOCHEM SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH INTERVAL (feet)	LITHO DESCRIPTION	GSA NO.	ORGANIC CARBON (wt.%)
3578-014	5720-5760			0.12
-A		60% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale to dark yellowish brown.	10YR-6/2 to 10YR-4/2	
-B		30% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red.	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
-C		10% Shale, slightly calcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
3578-015	5760-5800			0.28
-A		50% Shale, calcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
-B		45% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale to dark yellowish brown.	10YR-6/2 to 10YR-4/2	
-C		5% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red.	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
3578-016	5820-5860			0.14
-A		35% Shale, calcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
-B		35% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale to dark yellowish brown.	10YR-6/2 to 10YR-4/2	
-C		30% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle/Abo cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
3578-017	5860-5900			0.14
-A		40% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale to dark yellowish brown.	10YR-6/2 to 10YR-4/2	
-B		30% Shale, calcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	

TABLE II (continued)

LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTIONS AND ORGANIC CARBON ANALYSES

NEW MEXICO HYDROCARBON SOURCE ROCK EVALUATION

AUSTRA-TEX 1 RIO PUERCO
 SEC.7, T12N, R2W, SANDOVAL COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
 API #

GEOCHEM SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH INTERVAL (feet)	LITHO DESCRIPTION	GSA NO.	ORGANIC CARBON (wt.%)
3578-017 (continued)				
-C		30% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle/Abo cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
3578-018	5900-5950			0.23
-A		40% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale to dark yellowish medium dark gray.	10YR-6/2 to 10YR-4/2	(0.32*)
-B		40% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle/Abo cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
-C		20% Shale, calcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
3578-019	5950-5990			0.21
-A		40% Shale, calcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
-B		30% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale to dark yellowish medium dark gray.	10YR-6/2 to 10YR-4/2	
-C		30% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle/Abo cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
3578-020	5990-6050			0.10
-A		40% Shale, calcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
-B		40% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle/Abo cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
-C		20% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale to dark yellowish brown.	10YR-6/2 to 10YR-4/2	

* See Notes in Table I

TABLE II (continued)

LITHOLOGICAL DESCRIPTIONS AND ORGANIC CARBON ANALYSES

NEW MEXICO HYDROCARBON SOURCE ROCK EVALUATION

AUSTRA-TEX 1 RIO PUERCO
 SEC.7, T12N, R2W, SANDOVAL COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
 API #

GEOCHEM SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH INTERVAL (feet)	LITHO DESCRIPTION	GSA NO.	ORGANIC CARBON (wt.%)
3578-021	6050-6090			0.13/0.12
-A		40% Shale, calcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
-B		40% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle/Abo cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
-C		20% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale to dark yellowish brown.	10YR-6/2 to 10YR-4/2	
3578-022	6090-6140			0.09
-A		50% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle/Abo cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
-B		35% Shale, calcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
-C		15% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale to dark yellowish brown.	10YR-6/2 to 10YR-4/2	
3578-023	6170-6210			0.27 (0.53*)
-A		50% Mudstone, noncalcareous, pale reddish brown to grayish red (chinle/Abo cave).	10R-5/4 to 10R-4/2	
-B		35% Shale, calcareous, medium dark gray.	N4	
-C		15% Limestone, fine crystalline, pale to dark yellowish brown.	10YR-6/2 to 10YR-4/2	

* See Notes in Table I

TABLE III

SUMMARY OF ORGANIC CARBON AND VISUAL KEROGEN DATA

NEW MEXICO HYDROCARBON SOURCE ROCK EVALUATION

STANDARD OF TEXAS, 10-1 LILLIAN COLL
SEC.10, T16S, R31E, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
API #

GEOCHEM SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH INTERVAL (feet)	TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON	ORGANIC MATTER TYPE	VISUAL ABUNDANCE NORMALIZED PERCENT					ALTERATION STAGE	THERMAL ALTERATION INDEX
				Al	Am	H	W	I		
3578-001	1290-1310	1.21(1.73*)	H;-;I	0	0	83	0	17	1 to 1+	1.3
3578-002	3350-3400	0.13	Am;H*;-	0	60	40	0	0	2- to 2	2.1
3578-003	3500-3540	1.21(3.27*)	H;-;Am	0	11	89	0	0	1 to 1+	1.3
3578-004	5090-5140	0.07/0.08	H-I;-;Am	0	12	44	0	44	2	2.2
3578-005	5160-5200	0.13	H-I;W;Am	0	9	36	19	36	2 to 2+	2.3
3578-006	5240-5280	0.07	H-I;W;-	0	0	40	20	40	2 to 2+	2.3
3578-007	5300-5340	0.27(0.44*)	W-I;H;-	0	0	20	40	40	2 to 2+	2.3
3578-008	5370-5400	0.10	H-I;W;-	0	0	36	28	36	2 to 2+	2.3
3578-009	5430-5470	0.09	H;W-I;-	0	0	40	30	30	2 to 2+	2.3
3578-010	5480-5510	0.09	H-I;W;Am	0	9	36	19	36	2 to 2+	2.3
3578-011	5510-5560	0.13	H;W-I;Am	0	9	37	27	27	2 to 2+	2.4
3578-012	5590-5650	0.14/0.15	H-I;W;-	0	0	40	20	40	2 to 2+	2.4
3578-013	5650-5720	0.09	H;W-I;Am	0	9	37	27	27	2 to 2+	2.4
3578-014	5720-5760	0.12	H-I;W;-	0	0	36	28	36	2 to 2+	2.4
3578-015	5760-5800	0.28	H-W;I;-	0	0	36	36	28	2 to 2+	2.4
3578-016	5820-5860	0.14	H;W-I;-	0	0	38	31	31	2 to 2+	2.4
3578-017	5860-5900	0.14	H-W;I;-	0	0	36	36	28	2 to 2+	2.4
3578-018	5900-5950	0.23(0.32*)	H-W;I;-	0	0	40	40	20	2 to 2+	2.4
3578-019	5950-5990	0.21	W-I;H;-	0	0	28	36	36	2 to 2+	2.4
3578-020	5990-6050	0.10	H-I;Am**;W	0	19	36	9	36	2 to 2+	2.5
3578-021	6050-6090	0.13/0.12	W-I;H;-	0	0	20	40	40	2 to 2+	2.5
3578-022	6090-6140	0.09	H;I;W	0	0	56	11	33	2 to 2+	2.5
3578-023	6170-6210	0.27(0.53*)	H-W;I;-	0	0	36	36	28	2 to 2+	2.5

LEGEND:

KEROGEN KEY

Predominant; Secondary; Trace
60-100% 20-40% 0-20%

Al = Algal
Am = Amorphous-Sapropel
Am** = Relic Amorphous-Sapropel
H = Herbaceous-Spore/Pollen
H* = Degraded Herbaceous
W = Woody-Structured
U = Unidentified Material
I = Inertinite
C = Coaly

TABLE IV

RESULTS OF ROCK-EVAL PYROLYSIS ANALYSIS

NEW MEXICO HYDROCARBON SOURCE ROCK EVALUATION

AUSTRA-TEX 1 RIO PUERCO
SEC.7, T12N, R2W, SANDOVAL COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
API #

GEOCHEM SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH INTERVAL (Feet)	TMAX (c)	S1 (mg/g)	S2 (mg/g)	S3 (mg/g)	PI	PC*	T.O.C. (wt.%)	HYDROGEN INDEX	OXYGEN INDEX
3578-001	1290-1310	422	0.26	3.19	0.86	0.08	0.28	1.21	263	71
3578-002	3350-3400	402	0.15	0.15	0.50	0.50	0.02	0.13	115	384
3578-003	3500-3540	333	0.20	1.84	3.59	0.10	0.17	1.21	152	296
3578-004	5090-5140	339	0.11	0.05	0.58	0.69	0.01	0.08	62	725
3578-005	5160-5200	285	0.00	0.05	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.13	38	276
3578-006	5240-5280	259	0.01	0.02	0.28	0.50	0.00	0.07	28	400
3578-007	5300-5340	378	0.02	0.11	0.26	0.17	0.01	0.27	40	96
3578-008	5370-5400	273	0.14	0.02	0.27	0.87	0.01	0.10	20	270
3578-009	5430-5470	333	0.15	0.05	0.27	0.75	0.01	0.09	55	300
3578-010	5480-5510	273	0.01	0.03	0.28	0.25	0.00	0.09	33	311
3578-011	5510-5560	356	0.01	0.09	0.38	0.10	0.00	0.13	69	292
3578-012	5590-5650	438	0.05	0.02	0.44	0.83	0.00	0.15	13	293
3578-013	5650-5720	335	0.05	0.01	0.36	0.83	0.00	0.09	11	400
3578-014	5720-5760	222	0.04	0.01	0.65	1.00	0.00	0.12	8	541
3578-015	5760-5800	420	0.06	0.13	0.46	0.33	0.01	0.28	46	164
3578-016	5820-5860	314	0.02	0.04	0.61	0.33	0.00	0.14	28	435
3578-017	5860-5900	339	0.04	0.04	0.37	0.50	0.00	0.14	28	264
3578-018	5900-5950	297	0.01	0.06	0.41	0.17	0.00	0.23	26	178
3578-019	5950-5990	274	0.01	0.04	0.34	0.25	0.00	0.21	19	161

T.O.C. = Total organic carbon, wt. %
 S1 = Free hydrocarbons, mg HC/g of rock
 S2 = Residual hydrocarbon potential
 (mg HC/g or rock)

S3 = CO₂ produced from kerogen pyrolysis
 (mg CO₂/g of rock)
 PC* = 0.083 (S1 + S2)
 Hydrogen
 Index = mg HC/g organic carbon

Oxygen
 Index = mg CO₂/g organic carbon
 PI = S1/S1 + S2
 TMAX = Temperature Index, degrees C.

TABLE IV (continued)

RESULTS OF ROCK-EVAL PYROLYSIS ANALYSIS

NEW MEXICO HYDROCARBON SOURCE ROCK EVALUATION

AUSTRA-TEX 1 RIO PUERCO
SEC.7, T12N, R2W, SANDOVAL COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
API #

GEOCHEM SAMPLE NUMBER	DEPTH INTERVAL (Feet)	TMAX (c)	S1 (mg/g)	S2 (mg/g)	S3 (mg/g)	PI	PC*	T.O.C. (wt.%)	HYDROGEN INDEX	OXYGEN INDEX
3578-020	5990-6050	271	0.01	0.01	0.26	0.50	0.00	0.10	10	260
3578-021	6050-6090	274	0.01	0.01	0.25	0.50	0.00	0.13	7	192
3578-022	6090-6140	274	0.02	0.01	0.20	1.00	0.00	0.09	11	222
3578-023	6170-6210	354	0.02	0.12	0.38	0.14	0.01	0.27	44	140
Red Shale Caved Material: (See Notes in Table I)										
3578-001	1290-1310	422	0.37	4.56	1.23	0.08	0.28	1.73*	263	71
3578-003	3500-3540	333	0.54	4.97	9.69	0.10	0.17	3.27*	152	296
3578-007	5300-5340	378	0.03	0.18	0.42	0.17	0.01	0.44*	40	96
3578-018	5900-5950	297	0.01	0.08	0.57	0.17	0.00	0.32*	26	178
3578-023	6170-6210	354	0.04	0.24	0.74	0.14	0.01	0.53	44	140

T.O.C. = Total organic carbon, wt.%
 S1 = Free hydrocarbons, mg HC/g of rock
 S2 = Residual hydrocarbon potential
 (mg HC/g or rock)

S3 = CO₂ produced from kerogen pyrolysis
 (mg CO₂/g of rock)
 PC* = 0.083 (S1 + S2)
 Hydrogen
 Index = mg HC/g organic carbon

Oxygen
 Index = mg CO₂/g organic carbon
 PI = S1/S1 + S2
 TMAX = Temperature Index, degrees C.

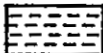



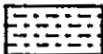

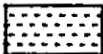


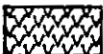
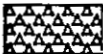







TABLE VI
VISUAL KEROGEN ASSESSMENT WORKSHEET

AUSTRA-TEX, NO.1 RIO PUERCO SANDOVAL COUNTY, NEW MEXICO SEC.7, T12N, R2W API # T.D. 6324 ft.		INDIGENOUS POPULATION (INTERPRETED)				GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS				CAVED AND/OR REWORKED POPULATION(S)				SUMMARY ORGANIC MATTER TYPE		
		TYPE OF ORGANIC MATTER		MATURATION INDEX		COLOR OF ORGANIC MATTER		STATE OF ORGANIC MATTER		%		TYPE OF ORGANIC MATTER			MATURATION INDEX	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		13	14
GEOCHEM No.	DEPTH	REMARKS		REMARKS		REMARKS		REMARKS		REMARKS		REMARKS		REMARKS		
3578-001	1290-1310													Mud additive?	H;-;I	
3578-002	3350-3400														Am;H*;-	
3578-003	3500-3540													Mud additive?	H;-;Am	
3578-004	5090-5140														H-I;-;Am	
3578-005	5160-5200														H-I;W;Am	
3578-006	5240-5280														H-I;W;-	
3578-007	5300-5340														W-I;H;-	
3578-008	5370-5400														H-I;W;-	
3578-009	5430-5470														H;W-I;-	
3578-010	5480-5510														H-I;W;Am	
3578-011	5510-5560														H;W-I;Am	
3578-012	5590-5650														H-I;W;-	
3578-013	5650-5720														H;W-I;Am	
3578-014	5720-5760														H-I;W;-	
3578-015	5760-5800														H-W;I;-	
3578-016	5820-5860														H;W-I;-	
3578-017	5860-5900														H-W;I;-	
3578-018	5900-5950														H-W;I;-	
3578-019	5950-5990													Mud additive?	H-W;I;-	
3578-020	5990-6050														W-I;H;-	
															H-I;Am**;W	




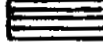
LEGEND FOR SUMMARY DIAGRAM

<u>DEPTH:</u>	in feet
<u>LITHO LOG:</u>	see lithology symbols
<u>STRATIGRAPHY:</u>	by age
<u>% TOC:</u>	percent total organic carbon
<u>HI:</u>	Rock-Eval, Hydrocarbon Index = $100 S2(0/00 \text{ Wt})/TOC$
<u>OI:</u>	Rock-Eval, Oxygen Index = $100 S3(0/00 \text{ Wt})/TOC$
<u>HC YIELD:</u>	Rock-Eval, S2 peak (ppm)
<u>S2/S3:</u>	Rock-Eval, Ratio of S2 to S3 peak
<u>KEROGEN:</u>	see Kerogen symbols
<u>T-MAX:</u>	Rock-Eval, maximum temperature of S2 peak, in degrees Centigrade
<u>%RO (Δ):</u>	Vitrinite Reflectance (scale 0 to 5)
<u>TAI (*):</u>	Thermal Alteration Index (Scale 1 to 5)
<u>FREE HC:</u>	Rock-Eval, S1 peak (ppm)
<u>PI:</u>	Rock-Eval, Productivity Index = $S1/(S1+S2)$

LITHOLOGIES

	SHALE		SILICEOUS ROCKS
	MUDSTONE		EVAPORITES
	SILTSTONE		COAL
	SANDSTONE		IGNEOUS ROCKS
	CONGLOMERATE		VOLCANICS
	BRECCIA		METAMORPHIC ROCKS
	LIMESTONE		BASEMENT
	DOLOMITE		OTHER
	MARL		MISSING SECTION

KEROGEN TYPES

	AMORPHOUS
	HEREFACEOUS
	WOODY
	INERTINITE

APPENDIX A

Brief Description of Organic Geochemical analyses Carried Out by GeoChem

C₁-C₇ Hydrocarbon

The C₁-C₇ hydrocarbon content and composition of sediments reflects source type, source quality and thermal maturity.

The C₁-C₇ hydrocarbon content of well cuttings is determined by analyzing both a sample of the cuttings and the air space at the top of the can. The results of the two analyses are summed to give an inventory of the C₁-C₇ hydrocarbon content of the well cuttings prior to any losses from the cuttings during the lapsed time period between collection at the wellsite and laboratory analysis.

The air space C₁-C₇ hydrocarbon analysis involves taking a measured volume of the air space gas out of the can with a syringe and injecting same into a gas chromatograph. GeoChem uses a Varian Aerograph Model 1400 instrument equipped with a Porapac Q column. The gas sample is taken through the column by a carrier gas and before reaching the detector is separated into its various C₁ (methane), C₂ (ethane), C₃ (propane), iC₄ (isobutane), nC₄ (normal butane), and C₅, C₆, C₇ hydrocarbon components.

This particular analysis gives a complete separation of the C₁-C₄ gas-range hydrocarbons and a partial separation of the C₅-C₇ gasoline-range hydrocarbons. (A detailed C₄-C₇ analysis, to be discussed later, involving a capillary column, effects a complete separation of this molecular range into its several individual molecular species.)

The electrical response of the various hydrocarbons as they reach the detector is recorded on a paper strip chart as a peak. This response is simultaneously fed to an integrator which computes the area of each peak. The concentration of C₁-C₇ hydrocarbons in the air space, expressed as volumes of gas per million volumes of cuttings, is determined by a calculation involving the volume of cuttings, volume of air space in the can, volume of sample injected, volume of standard gas sample used in the calibration, calibration factor for C₁, C₂, C₃, etc. determined by gc analysis of a standard gas sample, and the gc peak response.

The C₁-C₇ hydrocarbon content of the cuttings is determined by degasification of a measured volume of cuttings (in a medium of a measured volume of water) in a closed blender, sampling of the air space at the top of the blender, and injection of a measured volume of gas into the gas chromatograph.

The C₁-C₇ hydrocarbon data from the air space and cuttings gas analyses are summed to give a "restored" C₁-C₇ hydrocarbon content of the cuttings.

Sample Washing and Hand-Picking of Uncaved Lithology Samples

The cuttings samples are washed to remove all drilling mud from the cuttings. Care is taken in the washing procedure not to remove any soft clays, claystones, etc. and any loose fine sand and silt. The washed cuttings are usually kept under water cover until picked, to prevent loss of any gasoline-range hydrocarbons. Using the C₁-C₇ hydrocarbon data profile and the electrical well log supplied to us and our visual examination of the cuttings material under the binocular microscope, we carefully hand-pick and describe a suite of uncaved lithologies representative of the various stratigraphic zones penetrated by the well. The lithological data is used to compile a gross litho percentage log which is shown on all Figures. The 2-4 gram picked lithology samples are stored under water in small glass vials in those instances where we wish to run detailed C₄-C₇ hydrocarbon analyses. This sample set is used not only for the C₄-C₇ hydrocarbon analysis, but also for the visual kerogen and total organic carbon analyses. All remaining cuttings material is dried and packaged in labelled plastic bags for possible C₁₅₊ soxhlet extraction and/or eventual return to the client. Sample material from this study will be retained at GeoChem until advised of disposition.

Detailed C₄-C₇ Hydrocarbon

The C₄-C₇ gasoline-range hydrocarbon content of sediments reflects source quality, thermal maturation and organic facies. Compositional data can be used in crude oil-parent rock correlation work.

The C₄-C₇ hydrocarbon content and detailed molecular composition of hydrocarbon, in hand-picked lithologies, is determined by a gc analysis of the light hydrocarbon extracted from 1-2 gram cuttings samples macerated in a microblender. A measured volume of sample is placed in a sealed microblender along with a measured volume of hot water. The rock sample is pulverized by the blades of the blender. A sample of the liberated light hydrocarbons which collect in the air space at the top of the blender is injected into our Varian Aerograph 1400 gc unit which is equipped with a capillary column. Data recording, computations, etc. are comparable to those used for the C₁-C₇ analysis discussed previously in this report. Hydrocarbon concentration is expressed as volume gas per million volumes of cuttings.

Organic Carbon

The total organic carbon content of a rock is a measure of its total organic richness. This data is used, in conjunction with visual kerogen and C₁-C₄, C₄-C₇ and C₁₅₊ hydrocarbon content of a rock, to indicate the hydrocarbon source quality of rocks.

The procedure for determining the total organic carbon content of a rock involves drying the sample, grinding to a powder, weighing out 0.2729 gram sample into a crucible, acidizing with hot and cold hydrochloric acid to remove calcium and magnesium carbonate, and carbon analysis by combustion in a Leco carbon analyzer.

We run several blank crucibles, standards (iron rings of known carbon content) and duplicate rock samples in this analysis at no additional charge to the client for purposes of data quality control.

C₁₅₊ Soxhlet Extraction, Deasphalting and Chromatographic Separation

The amount and composition of the organic matter which can be solvent-extracted from a rock reflects source quality and source type. C¹³/C¹² carbon isotopic, high mass spectrometric and gc analyses of the paraffin-naphthene and aromatic hydrocarbon fractions of the soluble extract gives data which is used in crude oil-parent rock correlations.

This analysis involves grinding of a dry rock sample to a powder and removal of the soluble organic matter by soxhlet extraction using a co-distilled toluene-methanol azeotrope solvent. Where the amount of available sample material permits, we like to use at least 100 grams of rock for this analysis.

The extracted bitumen is separated into an asphaltene (ASPH) and a pentane soluble fraction by normal pentane precipitation. The pentane soluble components are separated into a C₁₅₊ paraffin-naphthene (P-N) hydrocarbon, C₁₅₊ aromatic hydrocarbon (AROM) and C₁₅₊ nitrogen-sulfur-oxygen containing fraction (NSO) by adsorption chromatography on a silica gel-alumina column using pentane, toluene and toluene-methanol azeotrope eluants.

GC Analysis of C₁₅+ Paraffin-Naphthene (P-N) Hydrocarbons

The content and molecular composition of the heavy C₁₅+ paraffin-naphthene (P-N) hydrocarbons of rocks, as determined by gc analysis, reflects source quality, source type and degree of thermal maturation.

In this analysis, we subject a very small fraction of the total amount of the P-N fraction extracted from a rock sample to gc analysis. The gas chromatograph is a Varian Aerograph Model 1400 equipped with a solid rod injection system and a eutectic column.

The calculated C. P. I. (carbon preference index) values for the normal paraffin data is defined as the mean of two ratios which are determined by dividing the sum of concentrations of odd-carbon numbered n-paraffins by the sum of even-carbon numbered n-paraffins. The C. P. Indices A and B were obtained by the formulas:

$$\text{C. P. Index A} = \frac{\frac{C_{21}+C_{23}+C_{25}+C_{27}}{C_{22}+C_{24}+C_{26}+C_{28}} + \frac{C_{21}+C_{23}+C_{25}+C_{27}}{C_{20}+C_{22}+C_{24}+C_{26}}}{2}$$

$$\text{C. P. Index B} = \frac{\frac{C_{25}+C_{27}+C_{29}+C_{31}}{C_{26}+C_{28}+C_{30}+C_{32}} + \frac{C_{25}+C_{27}+C_{29}+C_{31}}{C_{24}+C_{26}+C_{28}+C_{30}}}{2}$$

Visual Kerogen

A visual study of kerogen, the insoluble organic matter in rocks, can indicate the relative abundance, size, and state of preservation of the various recognizable kerogen types and thereby indicate the hydrocarbon source character of a rock. The color of the kerogen can be used to indicate the state of thermal maturity of the sediments (i.e., their time-temperature history). Thermal maturation plays an important role in the generation of hydrocarbons from organic matter, and also affects the composition of reservoir hydrocarbons.

Our procedure for visual kerogen slide preparation involves isolation of the organic matter of a rock by removal of the rock material with hydrochloric and hydrofluoric acid treatment and heavy liquid separation. This procedure is comparable to that used by the palynologist except it does not include an oxidation stage. (The oxidation treatment is deleted from our procedure because it removes a great deal of kerogen and blanches any remaining kerogen to an extent whereby it is useless for our kerogen color observations.) The kerogen residue is mounted on a glass slide and is examined visually under a high power microscope.

Vitrinite Reflectance

Measurement of the reflectivity of vitrinite particles (R_o) present in the kerogen isolated from sedimentary rocks provides a method of determining the state of maturation, and the diagenetic (time-temperature) history of the organic matter present in the sediments.

The kerogen, obtained from a 25 gram aliquot of crushed rock by the acid procedure previously discussed, is dried and embedded in a Bioplastic plug. The surface of the plug is polished using 0.05 micron alumina and the reflectivity determined under oil using a Zeiss high resolution microscope. A minimum of 40 values are required to adequately determine the Maturation Rank.

Fluorescence Spectrophotometric Analysis

Fluorescence spectrophotometry can be used to characterize and fingerprint crude oils, establish crude oil-source rock relationships, and to measure the hydrocarbon source potential of fine-grained sediments.

A one (1) microliter aliquot of either (1) a crude oil or (2) the solvent extractable rock bitumen, is passed through an alumina silica gel micro column and the C₁₀+ aromatic hydrocarbons isolated. The aromatic hydrocarbon is diluted and the emission and excitation spectra determined at 240 nm and 420 nm using a Perkin-Elmer Model 512 Double Beam Fluorescence Spectrophotometer.

GEOHERMAL DIAGENETIC CRITERIA

(GEOCHEM LABORATORIES, INC)

