Characterizing Groundwater Resources for Communities in Rio Arriba County

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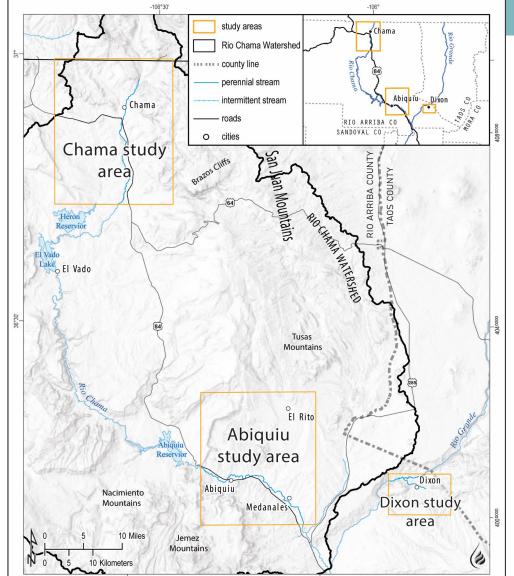
Supported by: **Jessica Johnston**

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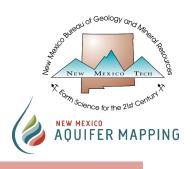
2023-2024 Project Overview





- One-year funding from New Mexico State Appropriation; additional funding in 2024
 - Rep. Susan Herrera
- New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources Aquifer Mapping Program
 - Research and service division of New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology
- Goal to characterize groundwater in selected areas within Rio Arriba County
 - Chama
 - Abiquiu/El Rito/Medanales
 - Dixon

Current Water Resource Conditions



Groundwater

- Most communities in Rio Arriba County rely on groundwater for domestic and municipal supply
- Deep wells can be unpredictable in quantity and quality
- Shallow wells are prone to drying during drought and subject to surface contamination

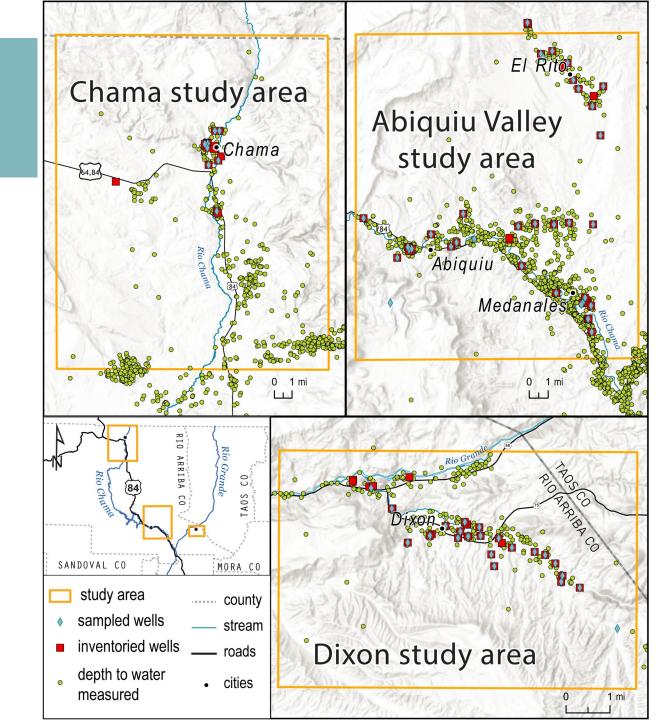
Surface Water

- Surface water is the primary source of agricultural water
- Rivers and streams in the region are highly connected to shallow groundwater

Reliable groundwater is needed for long-term sustainability of communities

Data Collection

- 90 wells measured for depth to water
 - Chama 16
 - Abiquiu Valley 43
 - Dixon 31
- 61 wells sampled for water chemistry
 - Chama 8
 - Abiquiu Valley 32
 - Dixon 21



Data Collection



Hydrogeology

- Review and update existing geologic mapping to identify aquifer units
- Review well drilling logs to understand aquifer depths and thicknesses
- Create aquifer maps from measured water levels

Water chemistry sampling

- Bacteria; E.coli and total coliform
- Major ions; common metals and salts
- pH and total dissolved solids
- Isotopes of oxygen and hydrogen
- Age dating Carbon 14 and tritium in water

Preliminary results for Rio Arriba communities



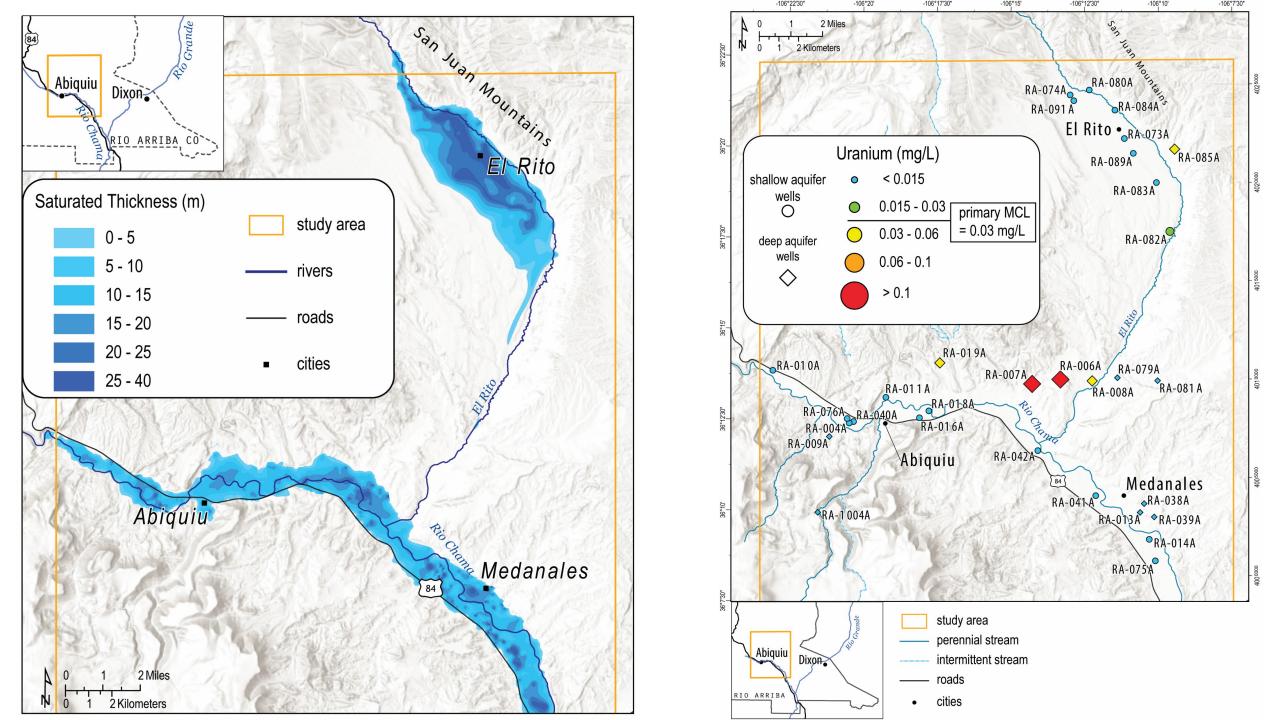
THERE ARE TWO APPARENT AQUIFER SYSTEMS, WHICH ARE HIGHLY CONNECTED, ESPECIALLY ALONG FAULT ZONES

Shallow aquifer systems

- Small, narrow, shallow sedimentary (alluvial) aquifers
 - 15 to 100 feet deep
 - <500 feet 3 miles
- Most are < 50 gpm; highest is 80 gpm
- Water quality is good, low TDS
- Several bacterial contamination discoveries
- Wells are highly connected to surface water
- Many more wells in the shallow aquifers; potential impact on each other

Deep aquifer systems

- > 200 feet deep regional aquifers
 - Mancos and Dakota Formations in Chama
 - Santa Fe Group in Abiquiu area and Dixon
- Most are < 40 gpm; Dixon area < 6 gpm
- Longer, deep flow paths 10 to 30 miles
- Water quality varies, with total dissolved solids concentrations from ~250 mg/L to 10,000 mg/L
- Many wells are not suitable for drinking water (contaminants such as arsenic, uranium, fluoride)
- Some wells produce high-quality water



Aquifer Characterization: Generalized workflow



WE CAN WORK EFFICIENTLY ACROSS THE STATE, REGION BY REGION, WITH CONSISTENT RECURRING AND NON-RECURRING FUNDING

- 1. Identify the regional questions and goals
- 2. Compile existing data and evaluate* (i.e. geologic mapping, surface water features, groundwater levels/trends, aquifer properties, geochemistry)
- 3. Collect new data to fill gaps** (i.e. measure water levels, collect samples, drill wells, collect geophysical measurements from land, air and downhole, expanded hydrogeologic mapping)
 - Wells drilled for exploration can become long term monitoring sites
- 4. Synthesize and interpret data to address questions or goals of project

Funding goals for Aquifer Characterization and Monitoring



RECURRING BUDGET

- Annual funding acquired: \$800K
- Target request: Additional \$1M for FY2026
- Recurring costs for FTEs, software licenses, data management
- Long term program shifts from building maps/models to maintaining and updating

NON-RECURRING BUDGET

- Estimate until project completion: \$5M to \$15M annually through 2037 (seeking multiple funding sources)
- Scale up as we learn through the process and build staff
- Largest costs for new data collection includes drilling wells and collecting geophysical data

New Mexico Bureau of Geology is a division of New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology (under Higher Education)

Further info on Rio Arriba projects



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Results will be published this fall at the New Mexico Bureau of Geology website

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Project Webpage

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